

IASI-NG SYSTEM BUDGET

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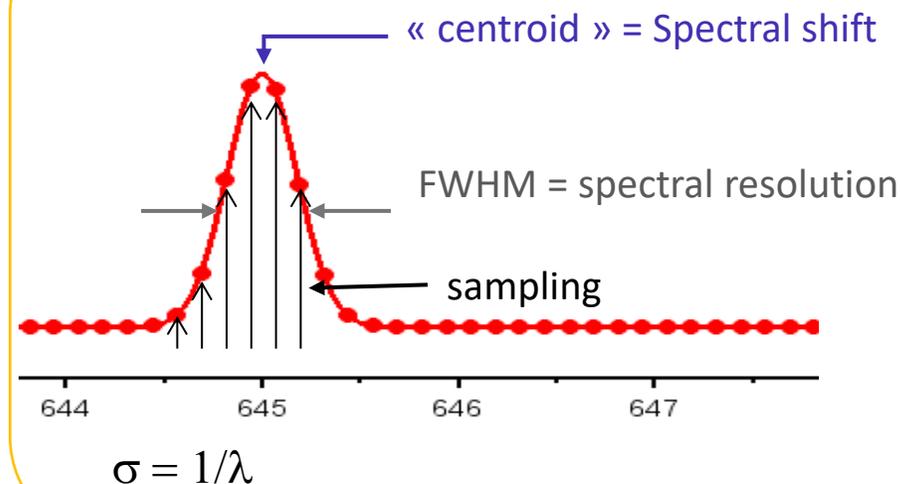
IASI CONFERENCE 2024

December 02 > 06 2024
NANCY

Major requirements of IASI-NG

SPECTRAL RESOLUTION	0.25 cm ⁻¹ (2 times better than IASI)
SPECTRAL SAMPLING	~17000 Spectral Channels (2 times better than IASI)
SPECTRAL CALIBRATION ERROR	$d\sigma/\sigma = 10^{-6}$ (2 times better than IASI)
SOUNDING PIXEL SIZE DIAMETER	12 km = Same as IASI
RADIOMETRIC CALIBRATION	Bias ~ 0.25K (2 times better than IASI)
RADIOMETRIC NOISE	NedT ~ 0.1K (2 times better than IASI)

ISRF : Instrument Spectral Response Function



NedT : Noise Equivalent Delta Temperature

$$NedT(\sigma) = \frac{NedL(\sigma)}{\partial Planck(T_{sc}) / \partial T}$$

T_{sc} : scene temp

$$NedT(\sigma) = \frac{Planck(T_{sc})}{\frac{\partial Planck(T_{sc})}{\partial T}} \cdot snr$$

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SPECTRAL SHIFT

EVALUATION AT SYSTEM LEVEL

SHIFT OF THE ISRF

Mission Requirement

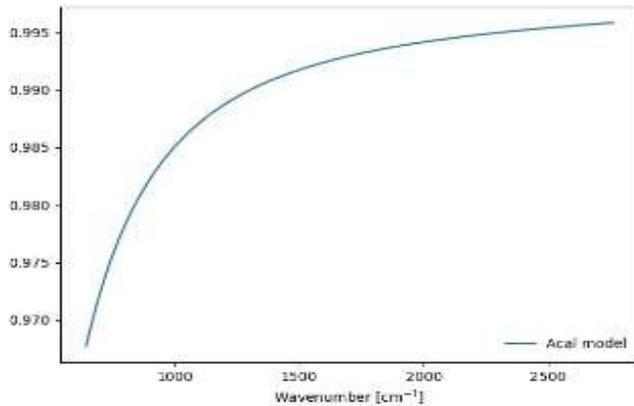
SRD_IAS.20

The IAS spectral response function difference between any two spatial samples of the same orbit shall be such that

- a) The maximum relative shift of the ISRF centroid is less than 10^{-6} within any single orbit.
- b) The maximum relative shift of the ISRF centroid, with respect to the nominal position of the centroid, is less than $2 \cdot 10^{-4}$ over the lifetime of the mission.



Primary suspect : **refraction index** (chromatic effect)



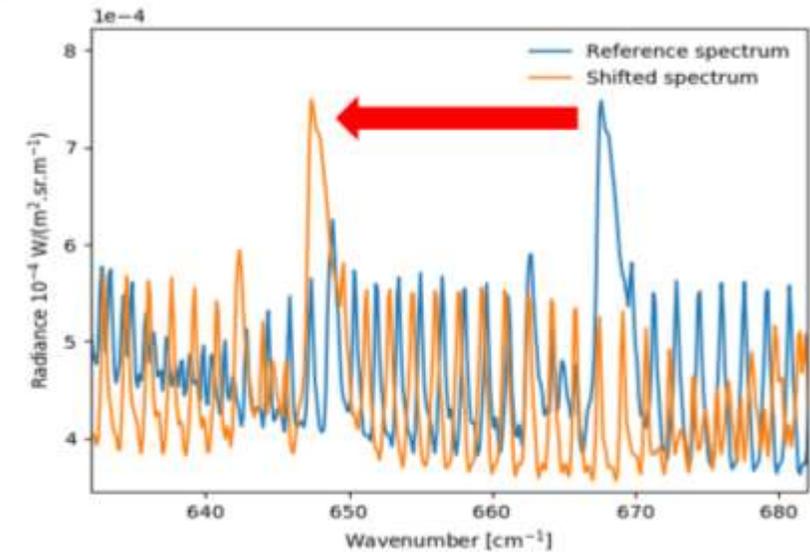
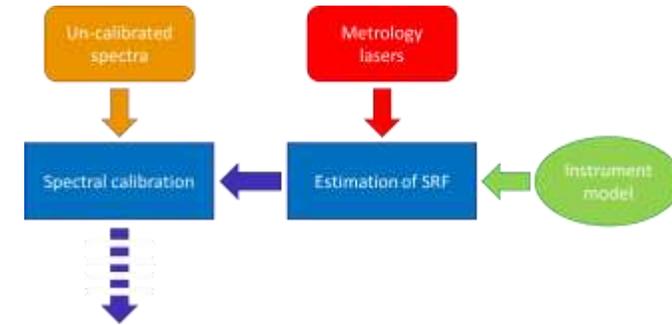
$$\frac{(1 + \alpha) \cdot \sqrt{n(\sigma)^2 - (\vec{r}_{\text{field}} \wedge \vec{N})^2} - (\vec{r}_{\text{field}} \cdot \vec{N})^2}{(1 + \alpha) \cdot \sqrt{n(\sigma_{\text{met}})^2 - (\vec{r}_{\text{field}}^{\text{met}} \wedge \vec{N})^2} - (\vec{r}_{\text{field}}^{\text{met}} \cdot \vec{N})^2}$$



How to estimate remaining error

At 1000cm^{-1} equivalent to $8/1000$ of a sample

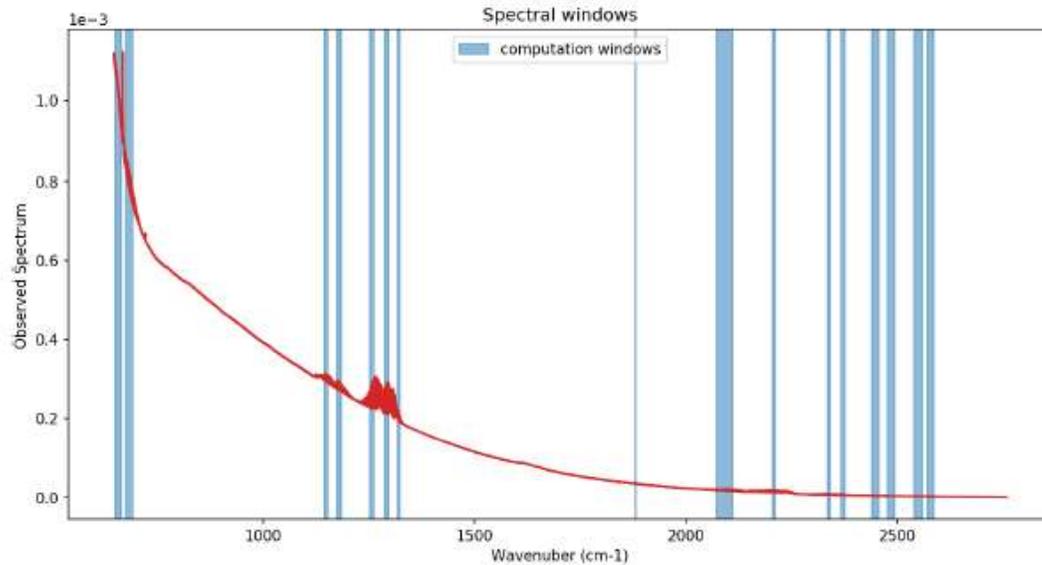
SPECTRAL SHIFT



In-flight evaluation : Comparison between reference scene and observations

EVALUATION OF CENTROID SHIFT

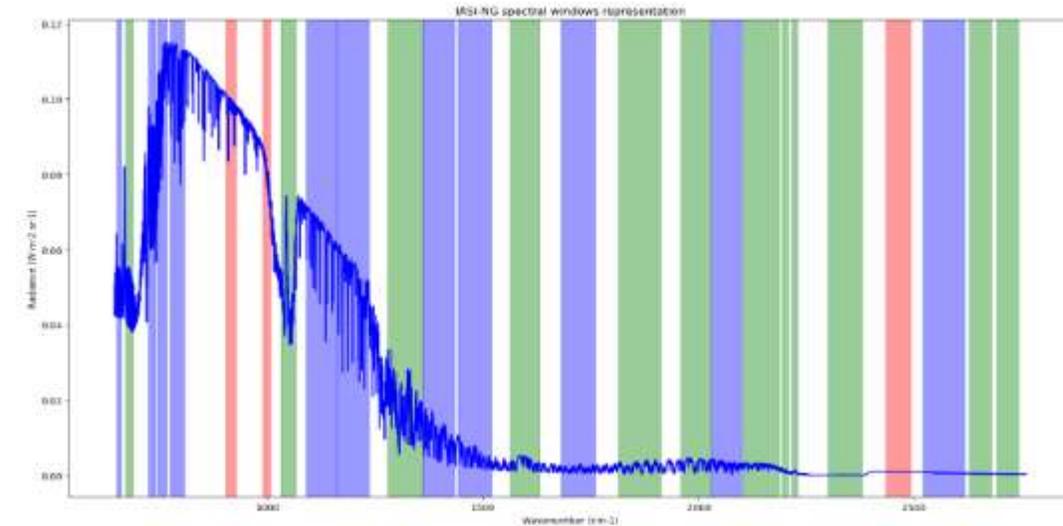
During TVAC



Gas Cells measurements

V
S

In-flight



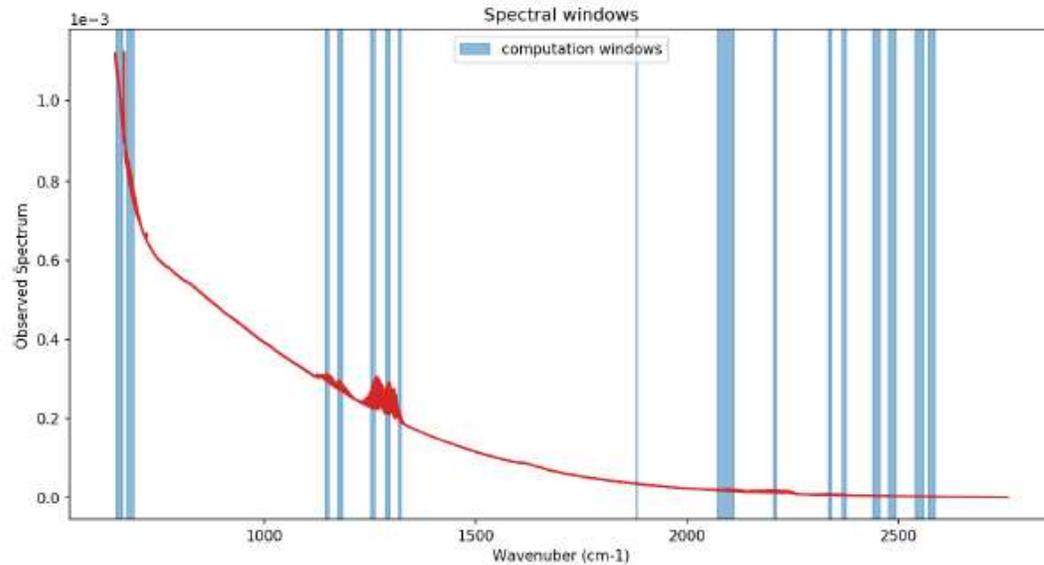
Atmospheric simulations

Performance obtained on Gas Cells measurement is **not representative of in-flight process**

Thus system performance estimation is done using **simulation and analysis** rather than direct measurements

EVALUATION OF CENTROID SHIFT

During TVAC



Gas Cells measurements

$$n(\sigma)^2 = A + \sum_{l=0}^4 \frac{B(l)}{1 - C(l)^2 \times \sigma [\mu\text{m}^{-1}]^2}$$

However the analysis done on TVAC data is still important to ensure that the hypothesis upon which the operational procedure works is valid :

- The spectral shift is well modeled by the refractive index model
- That the evaluated function is smooth over the 4 bands
- That the evaluations have the same sensibilities to parameters between real measurements of gas cells and simulations of atmospheres

SPECTRAL SHIFT PERFORMANCE IN-ORBIT

		B1	B2	B3	B4
Algorithm Error		$0.766 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$0.362 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$0.345 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$0.257 \cdot 10^{-6}$
Refraction index representability	Chromatic LOS	$0.25 \cdot 10^{-6}$			
	dOPD estimation error residual	$0.3 \cdot 10^{-6}$			
Doppler residual		$0.02 \cdot 10^{-6}$			
Centroid shift stability		$0.243 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$0.504 \cdot 10^{-6}$		
Radiative Transfer Model		$0.45 \cdot 10^{-6}$			
Total		$1.00 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$0.74 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$0.85 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$0.82 \cdot 10^{-6}$

Post-calibration error within one orbit

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RADIOMETRIC PERFORMANCES

IMPACT ON ATMOSPHERIC SCENES

MODELISATION ON ATMOSPHERIC SCENES

RADIOMETRIC BUDGET

The best path to knowledge is direct measurement.



Portrait of Tycho Brahe
unknown author

Most of the budget is directly measured at “instrument level” which is **after spectral and radiometric calibration**, as IASI-NG performances **cannot be evaluated without this processing**. For radiometric budgets, the measurements are taken on a Black Body during **Thermal Vacuum Tests**.



These other specifications are also evaluated from specific measurements during TVAC ; but we add a process to evaluate their impact in terms of radiometry

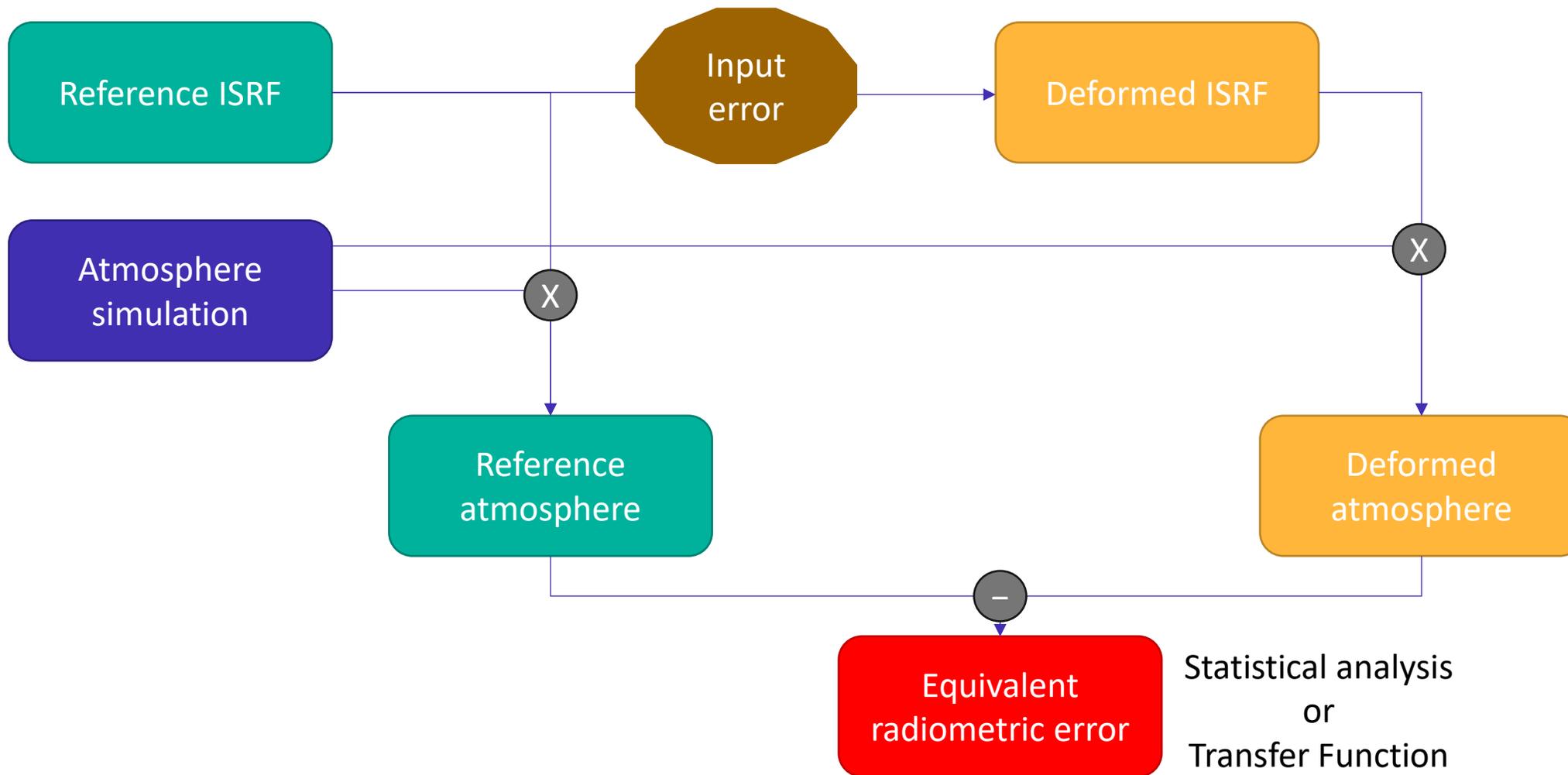


Additional verification that the specifications are adequate



Evaluation of the effect in case of exceeded requirements

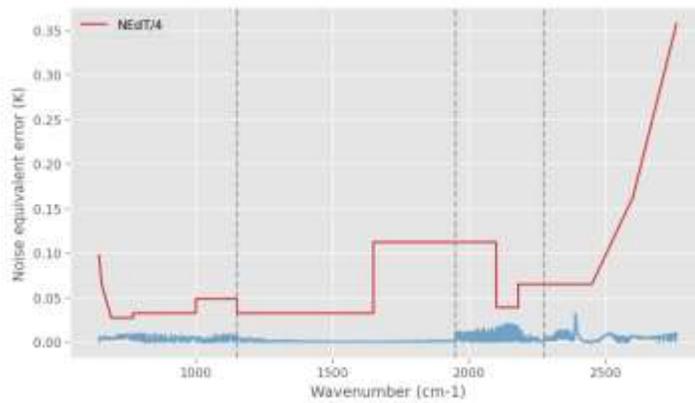
MODELISATION ON ATMOSPHERIC SCENES



VARIABLE EFFECT OF CONTRIBUTORS ERROR

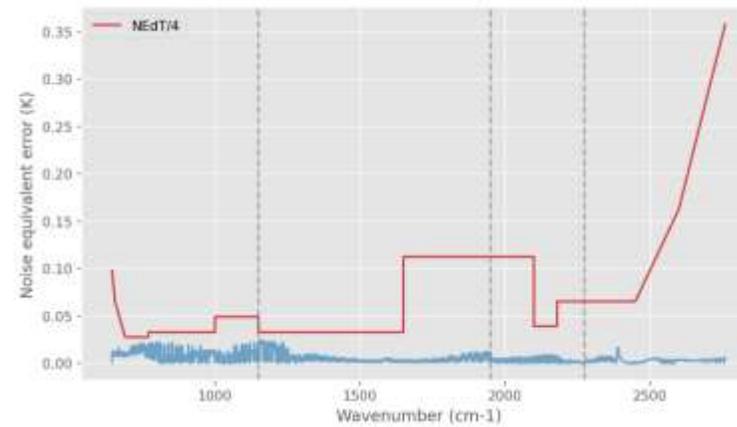
CROSS-TALK

Crosstalk



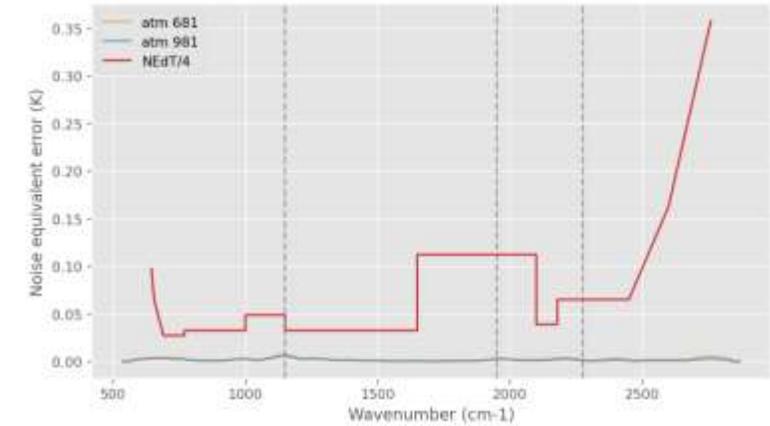
FAR-FIELD

Farfield



JITTER

jitter OPD

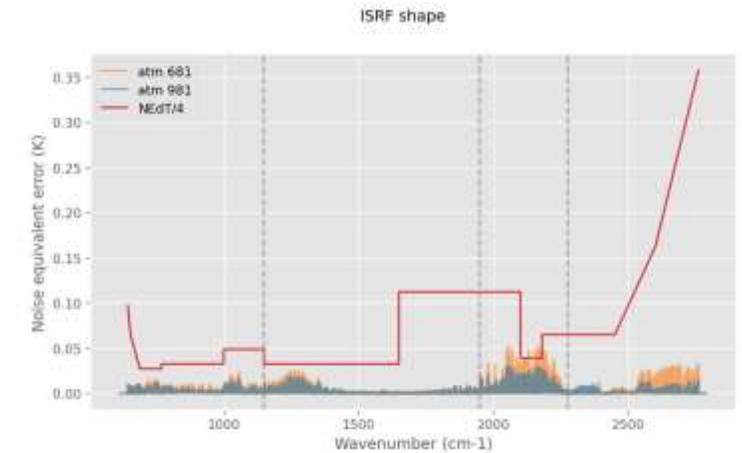
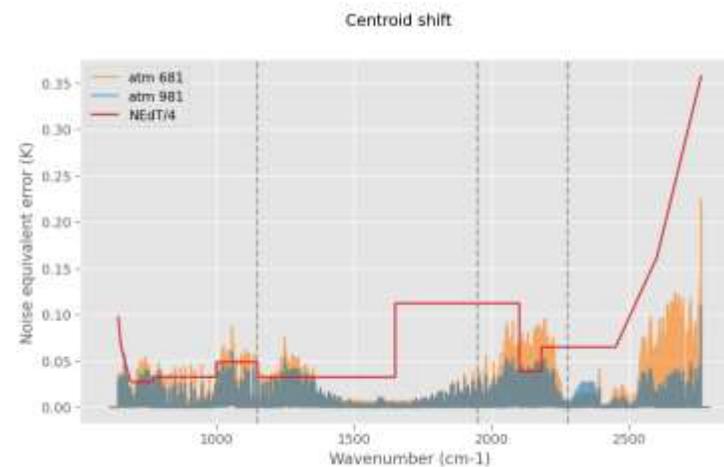
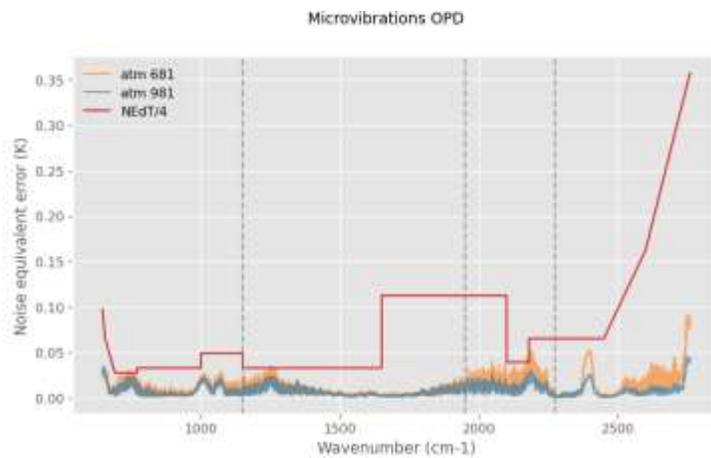


VARIABLE EFFECT OF CONTRIBUTORS ERROR

MICRO-VIBRATIONS

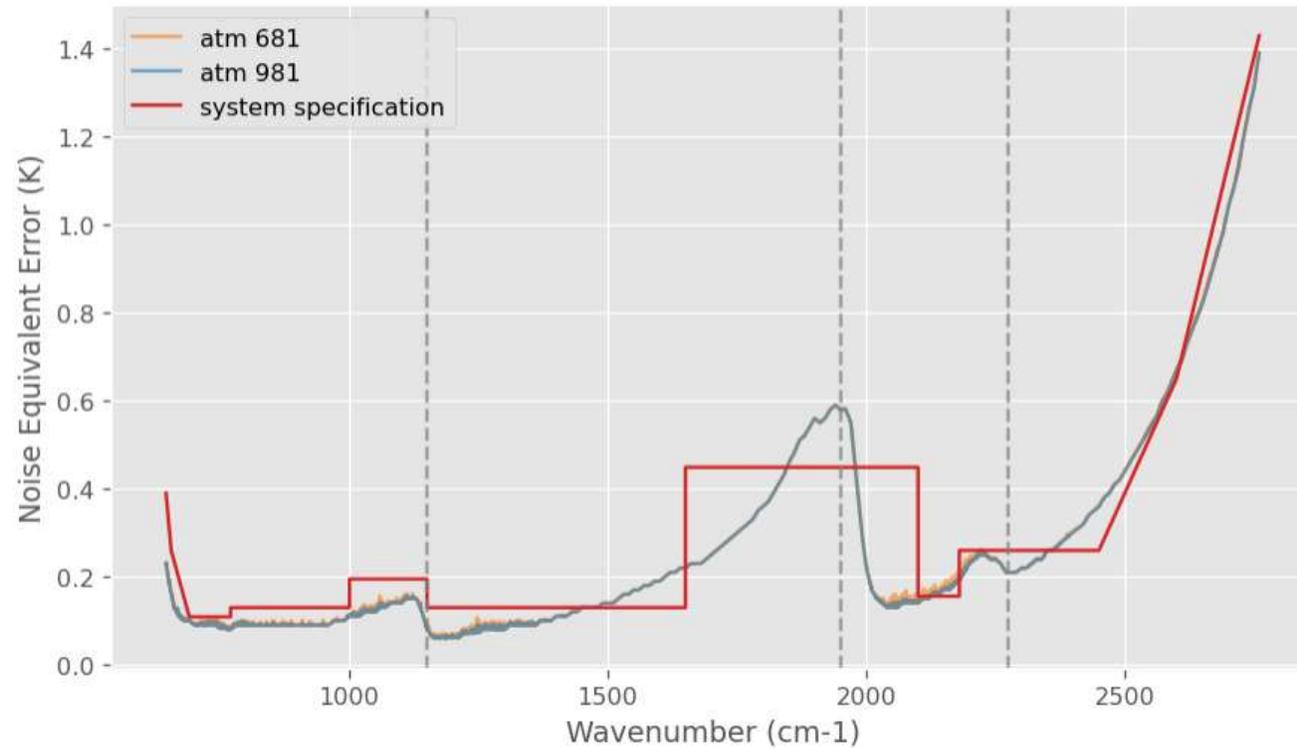
CENTROID SHIFT

SHAPE ERROR INDEX



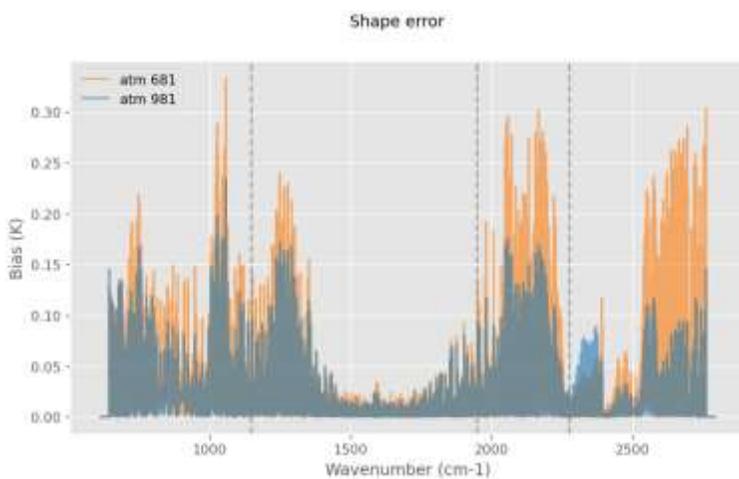
SENSIBILITY TO ATMOSPHERIC LINES IN NEDT BUDGET

NEdT estimation with spectral and geometric contributors - 280K - Worst channels

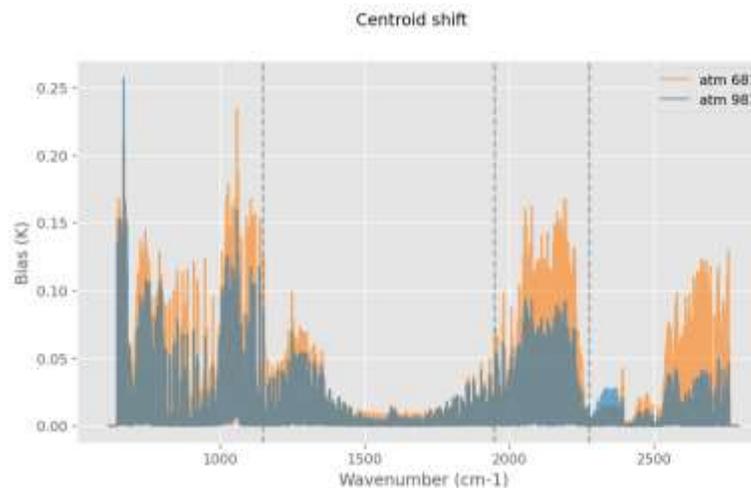


ABSOLUTE MEAN OF CONTRIBUTORS ERROR

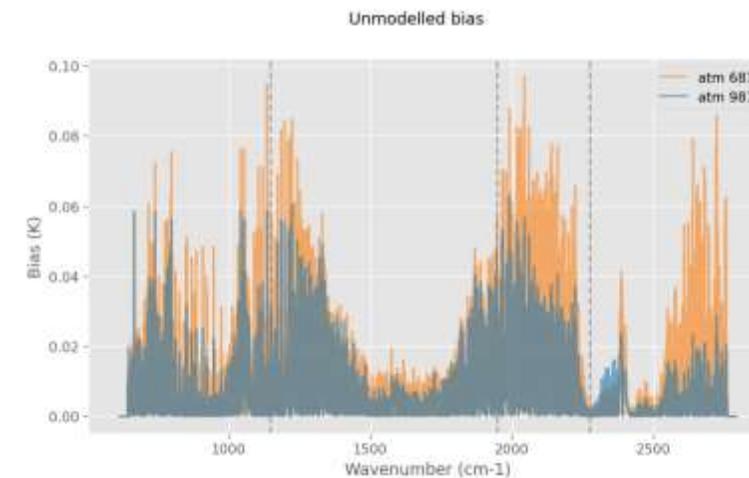
ISRF SHAPE



CENTROID SHIFT

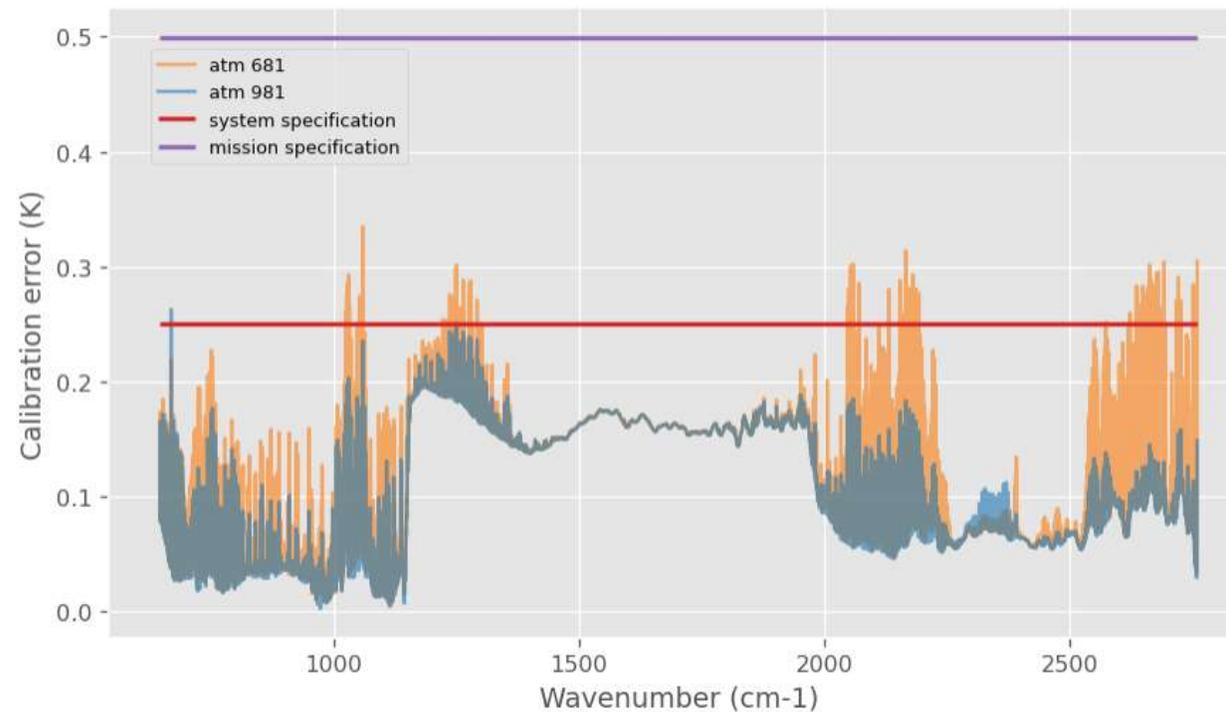


“UNMODELLED” PERTUBATIONS



SENSIBILITY TO ATMOSPHERIC LINES IN ABSOLUTE RADIOMETRIC BUDGET

System absolute radiometric bias at 280K - Pixel 4





**THANK YOU FOR
YOUR ATTENTION**